



Pre-Leaving Certificate Examination Triailscrúdú na hArdteistiméireachta

Pre-Leaving Certificate Examination 2006

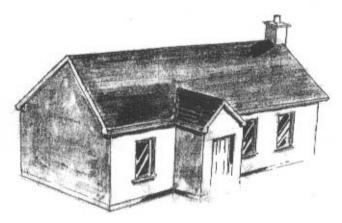
Construction Studies Theory – Higher Level

(300 marks)

Time: 3 Hours

- (a) Answer Question 1 and four other questions.
- (b) All questions carry equal marks.
- (c) Answers must be written in ink; drawings and sketches to be made in pencil.
- (d) Write the number of the question distinctly in the margin of the paper before each answer.
- (e) Freehand sketches or diagrams to illustrate written descriptions should be made.
- (f) The name, sizes, dimensions and any other necessary particulars of each material indicated must be noted on the drawing.

- 1. A single storey dwelling consists of a 300mm external insulated cavity wall that includes a window opening. The dwelling has a pitched roof of 30°.
 - (a) To a scale of 1:10 draw a vertical section through the window from 500mm below the sill to the eaves of the pitched roof.
 - (b) Indicate on the drawing where ventilation should be provided in the roof to remove stagnant air.



- **2.** (a) Explain in detail with the aid of *neat freehand sketches* and diagrams the layout of pipe work necessary in the installation of a domestic central heating system.
 - **(b)** Explain why it may be of an advantage to install an indirect hot water system.
- 3. The sketch shows a flat roofed extension built onto the back of a two-storey dwelling. With the aid of notes and *neat freehand sketches* show the constructional details at:
 - (a) the eaves of the roof;
 - **(b)** the abutment to the house.

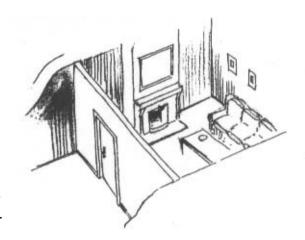


- **4.** (a) Site selection is a very important part of the planning and building process. List **five** main factors to be considered before choosing a site.
 - **(b)** Discuss in detail the importance of **each** of these factors.
 - (c) "Few could argue that the countryside is **one** of our most valuable assets." Why would this be important to take into consideration when designing houses?

- **5. (a)** Recent research has shown that condensation is more of a problem in modern houses than in houses built more than 30 years ago. Discuss the main factors that cause condensation.
 - **(b)** What changes could be made in order to alleviate this problem?
- **6.** (a) Discuss, with the aid of *neat freehand sketches*, the methods by which heat is transferred through a building.
 - (b) A flat roof consists of 150mm thick concrete slab finished with 20mm asphalt on a 70mm lightweight concrete screed. The soffit of the slab is plastered 15mm thick. Calculate the u-value of the roof using the following information:

Asphalt	resistivity	=	1.20 m °C/W
Lightweight concrete	resistivity	=	1.96 m° C/W
Concrete Slab	resistivity	=	0.69 m °C/W
Plaster	resistivity	=	2.17 m °C/W
Internal surface resistance		=	0.104 m ² °C/W
External surface resistance		=	0.403 m ² °C/W

- (c) What thickness of lightweight concrete would be needed in order to achieve a u-value of 1.05?
- 7. (a) To a scale of 1:10, draw a vertical section through an open fireplace situated on the ground floor of a house.
 - (b) Outline, with the aid of *neat freehand sketches*, the importance of abiding by the building regulations in relation to the efficient flow of smoke through the chimney out of the house.



- **8.** Discuss the principal stages in the construction of a two storey dwelling and indicate the particular stages at which inspection should be carried out.
- **9. (a)** Explain, with the aid of *neat freehand sketches*, the means by which sound is transmitted through a building.
 - (b) Modern buildings of lightweight construction emphasise the problems of sound insulation. Discuss this statement and describe, with the aid of *neat freehand sketches* where possible, methods of improving sound insulation in such buildings.
- **10.** A building of architectural merit is threatened with destruction by motorway construction. What arguments might be presented:
 - (a) against its preservation;
 - **(b)** in favour of its preservation?

<u>OR</u>

"Part of the art of dealing with wicked problems is the act of not knowing too early which type of solution to apply" (*Ritter and Webel*, 'Dilemmas in a General Theory of Planning'). Discuss in relation to your Construction Studies Project.